Report of the Head of Planning, Transportation and Regeneration

Address 76 LANSBURY DRIVE HAYES

Development: Erection of a single storey rear extension, conversion of roofspace to

habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and conversion of roof from hip to gable end and conversion of single dwelling into 1 x 1-bed and 1 x 2-bed self-contained flats with associated parking and amenity space

(Part retrospective)

LBH Ref Nos: 28415/APP/2019/715

Drawing Nos: Design and Access Statement

PL-01

PL-02 Rev. A

PL-03

PL-04 Rev. A

PL-05 PL-06

Date Plans Received: 28/02/2019 Date(s) of Amendment(s):

Date Application Valid: 15/03/2019

1. SUMMARY

The application seeks part-retrospective planning permission for the erection of a single storey rear extension and conversion of roofspace to habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and conversion of roof from hip to gable end to allow for conversion of existing dwelling into 1 x 1-bed and 1 x 2-bed self-contained flats with associated parking and amenity space. The scheme relies on the habitable accommodation contained within the converted loft space which has been carried out without the grant of planning permission. It is noted that the applicant considers that the work was permitted development. However the Council has confirmed through the issue of two separate certificates of lawful development, that the proposed development does not constitute permitted development by virtue of the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class B and Class C of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 as the property does not benefit from permitted development rights in view of there being an enforcement notice served on the property. The proposed extensions to the roof have a negative impact upon the visual amenity of the site and the surrounding area. The roof alterations are not characteristic of the wider street scene where, in the main hipped ends have been retained in their original form. Accordingly the application is recommended for refusal.

2. RECOMMENDATION

REFUSAL for the following reasons:

1 NON2 Non Standard reason for refusal

The roof alteration/extensions, by reason of the hip to gable end roof design and the size, scale, bulk and design of the rear dormer window fail to harmonise with the architectural composition of the original dwelling and are detrimental to the character, appearance and symmetry of the small terrace of houses of which it forms a part and to the visual amenities of the street scene and the surrounding area. Therefore the proposal is contrary

to Policy BE1 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part One - Strategic Policies (November 2012), Policies BE13, BE15 and BE19 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part Two - Unitary Development Plan Saved Policies (November 2012) and the adopted Supplementary Planning Document HDAS: Residential Extensions.

INFORMATIVES

1 | 152 | Compulsory Informative (1)

The decision to REFUSE planning permission has been taken having regard to all relevant planning legislation, regulations, guidance, circulars and Council policies, including The Human Rights Act (1998) (HRA 1998) which makes it unlawful for the Council to act incompatibly with Convention rights, specifically Article 6 (right to a fair hearing); Article 8 (right to respect for private and family life); Article 1 of the First Protocol (protection of property) and Article 14 (prohibition of discrimination).

2 I53 Compulsory Informative (2)

The decision to REFUSE planning permission has been taken having regard to the policies and proposals in the Hillingdon Unitary Development Plan Saved Policies (September 2007) as incorporated into the Hillingdon Local Plan (2012) set out below, including Supplementary Planning Guidance, and to all relevant material considerations, including The London Plan - The Spatial Development Strategy for London consolidated with alterations since 2011 (2016) and national guidance.

AM7	Consideration of traffic generated by proposed developments.
AM14	New development and car parking standards.
BE13	New development must harmonise with the existing street scene.
BE15	Alterations and extensions to existing buildings
BE19	New development must improve or complement the character of the
	area.
BE20	Daylight and sunlight considerations.
BE21	Siting, bulk and proximity of new buildings/extensions.
BE23	Requires the provision of adequate amenity space.
BE24	Requires new development to ensure adequate levels of privacy to neighbours.
BE38	Retention of topographical and landscape features and provision of new planting and landscaping in development proposals.
H7	Conversion of residential properties into a number of units
DMH 4	Residential Conversions and Redevelopment
DMHB 16	Housing Standards
DMHB 18	Private Outdoor Amenity Space
DMHD 1	Alterations and Extensions to Residential Dwellings
HDAS-LAY	Residential Layouts, Hillingdon Design & Access Statement,
	Supplementary Planning Document, adopted July 2006
LPP 3.3	(2016) Increasing housing supply
LPP 3.4	(2015) Optimising housing potential
LPP 3.5	(2016) Quality and design of housing developments
LPP 3.8	(2016) Housing Choice
NPPF- 2	NPPF-2 2018 - Achieving sustainable development
NPPF- 5	NPPF-5 2018 - Delivering a sufficient supply of homes

3 I59 Councils Local Plan : Part 1 - Strategic Policies

On this decision notice policies from the Councils Local Plan: Part 1 - Strategic Policies appear first, then relevant saved policies (referred to as policies from the Hillingdon Unitary

Development Plan - Saved Policies September 2007), then London Plan Policies (2016). On the 8th November 2012 Hillingdon's Full Council agreed the adoption of the Councils Local Plan: Part 1 - Strategic Policies. Appendix 5 of this explains which saved policies from the old Unitary Development (which was subject to a direction from Secretary of State in September 2007 agreeing that the policies were 'saved') still apply for development control decisions.

4 171 LBH worked applicant in a positive & proactive (Refusing)

In dealing with the application the Council has implemented the requirement in the National Planning Policy Framework to work with the applicant in a positive and proactive way. We have made available detailed advice in the form of our statutory policies from the 'Saved' UDP 2007, Local Plan Part 1, Supplementary Planning Documents, Planning Briefs and other informal written guidance, as well as offering a full pre-application advice service.

We have however been unable to seek solutions to problems arising from the application as the principal of the proposal is clearly contrary to our statutory policies and negotiation could not overcome the reasons for refusal.

5 174 Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) (Refusing Consent)

This is a reminder that Under the terms of the Planning Act 2008 (as amended) and Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010 (as amended), should an application for appeal be allowed, the proposed development would be deemed as 'chargeable development' and therefore liable to pay the London Borough of Hillingdon Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) and the Mayor of London's Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). This would be calculated in accordance with the London Borough of Hillingdon CIL Charging Schedule 2014 and the Mayor of London's CIL Charging Schedule 2012. For more information on CIL matters please visit the planning portal page at: www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/applications/howtoapply/whattosubmit/cil

3. CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 Site and Locality

The application property comprises of an end terraced two storey dwelling located on the south eastern side of Lansbury Drive which lies within the Developed Area as identified within the Hillingdon Local Plan - Saved UDP Policies (November 2012). The property has been extended to the rear by way of a single storey rear extension projecting 3.6m. A loft conversion has been carried out without the benefit of planning permission to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and conversion of roof from hip to gable end. A detached outbuilding has been erected along the rear boundary.

3.2 Proposed Scheme

The application seeks part-retrospective planning permission for the erection of a single storey rear extension and conversion of roofspace to habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and conversion of roof from hip to gable end to allow for conversion of existing dwelling into 1 x 1-bed and 1 x 2-bed self-contained flats with associated parking and amenity space.

3.3 Relevant Planning History

28415/APP/2015/889 76 Lansbury Drive Hayes

Conversion of detached outbuilding to rear to self contained studio flat with associated amenity space (Retrospective)

Decision: 03-06-2015 Refused

28415/APP/2018/1609 76 Lansbury Drive Hayes

Conversion of roofspace to habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and convers of roof from hip to gable end (Application for a Certificate of Lawful Development for a Proposed Development)

Decision: 04-07-2018 Refused

28415/APP/2019/615 76 Lansbury Drive Hayes

Conversion of roofspace to habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and convers of roof from hip to gable end (Application for a Certificate of Lawful Development for a Proposed Development)

Decision: 16-04-2019 Refused

Comment on Relevant Planning History

planning permission was refused under application reference 28415/APP/2015/88 for the conversion of the detached outbuilding to rear to self contained studio flat with associated amenity space (Retrospective). An enforcement notice was served under reference ENF/8148 with regard to the use of the outbuilding within the rear garden. It is noted that the enforcement notice is recorded as being complied with on 2 September 2018. However the enforcement notice remains extant with the land.

Accordingly two applications for certificates of lawful development under references 28415/APP/2019/615 and 28415/APP/2018/1609 for the conversion of roofspace to habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and conversion of roof from hip to gable end were refused for the following reason:

The proposed development does not constitute permitted development by virtue of the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class B and Class C of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 as the property does not benefit from permitted development rights in view of there being an enforcement notice served on the property.

4. Planning Policies and Standards

The Revised Proposed Submission Local Plan Part 2 (LPP2) documents (Development Management Policies, Site Allocations and Designations and Policies Map Atlas of Changes) were submitted to the Secretary of State for examination in May 2018.

The public examination hearing sessions took place over one week in August 2018. Following the public hearing sessions, the examining Inspector advised the Council in a Post Hearing Advice Note sent in November 2018 that he considers the LPP2 to be a plan that could be found sound subject to a number of main modifications.

The main modifications proposed by the Inspector were agreed by the Leader of the Council and the Cabinet Member for Planning, Transport and Recycling in March 2019 and are published for public consultation from 27 March to 8 May 2019.

Regarding the weight which should be attributed to the emerging LPP2, paragraph 48 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) 2019 states that 'Local Planning Authorities may give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- (a) the stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced its preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- (b) the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- (c) the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to this Framework (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given).

With regard to (a) above, the preparation of the LPP2 is now at a very advanced stage. The public hearing element of the examination process has been concluded and the examining Inspector has indicated that there are no fundamental issues with the LPP2 that would make it incapable of being found sound subject to the main modifications referred to above.

With regard to (b) above, those policies which are not subject to any proposed main modifications are considered to have had any objections resolved and can be afforded considerable weight. Policies that are subject to main modifications proposed by the Inspector will be given less than considerable weight. The weight to be attributed to those individual policies shall be considered on a case by case basis considering the particular main modification required by the Inspector and the material considerations of the particular planning application, which shall be reflected in the report, as required.

With regard to (c) it is noted that the Inspector has indicated that subject to main modifications the LPP2 is fundamentally sound and therefore consistent with the relevant policies in the NPPF.

Notwithstanding the above, the starting point for determining planning applications remains the adopted policies in the Local Plan: Part 1 Strategic Policies and the Local Plan: Part 2 Saved UDP Policies 2012.

UDP / LDF Designation and London Plan

The following UDP Policies are considered relevant to the application:-

Part 1 Policies:

PT1.BE1 (2012) Built Environment

Part 2 Policies:

AM7	Consideration of traffic generated by proposed developments.
AM14	New development and car parking standards.
BE13	New development must harmonise with the existing street scene.
BE15	Alterations and extensions to existing buildings
BE19	New development must improve or complement the character of the area.
BE20	Daylight and sunlight considerations.
BE21	Siting, bulk and proximity of new buildings/extensions.

BE23	Requires the provision of adequate amenity space.
BE24	Requires new development to ensure adequate levels of privacy to neighbours.
BE38	Retention of topographical and landscape features and provision of new planting and landscaping in development proposals.
H7	Conversion of residential properties into a number of units
DMH 4	Residential Conversions and Redevelopment
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LPP 3.5	(2016) Quality and design of housing developments
LPP 3.8	(2016) Housing Choice
NPPF- 2	NPPF-2 2018 - Achieving sustainable development
NPPF- 5	NPPF-5 2018 - Delivering a sufficient supply of homes

5. Advertisement and Site Notice

- 5.1 Advertisement Expiry Date:- Not applicable
- **5.2** Site Notice Expiry Date:- Not applicable

6. Consultations

External Consultees

7 neighbouring properties were consulted by letter dated 18.3.19 and a site notice was displayed to the front of the site which expired on 17.4.19.

2 letters of objection have been received raising concerns about the retrospective nature of the works, the enforcement history relating to the outbuilding and insufficient car parking on site.

Internal Consultees

Highways Officer:

This application seeks a single storey rear extension and conversion of the existing dwelling in order to facilitate 1 x 1-bed and 1 x 2-bed units. Upon reviewing the PTAL rating for the proposed development using the Transport for London WebCAT service, it is indicated that the site has 'moderate' access to public transport with a PTAL rating of 3. It is therefore likely that some dependency will be had on the private car. When considering the quantum of development and location of the site against Hillingdon Council's car parking standards, it is required that 1 car parking space be provided per unit. The required provision has been demonstrated within the submissions and will be accessed via the existing crossover. In accordance with the London plan minimum standards, it is required that 2 secure and covered cycle spaces be provided. The submissions demonstrate 4 cycle spaces thus providing an overprovision of 2. The additional number is welcomed. With regard to bin storage, this appears to be located in excess of the councils refuse drag distance requirements which suggest 15m from where a waste collection vehicle would

temporarily stop. However, it is envisaged that occupants simply 'wheel' bins towards the highway in order for collection to proceed. Mindful of the above, I do not have any objections to this application with regard to highway issues.

Landscape Officer:

This site is occupied by a two-storey end of terrace house with a side alley and service road to the rear. There is a large full width outbuilding along the rear boundary and a modest area of back garden. The front garden has been sacrificed to provide hard-standing for off-street parking. There are no TPO's or Conservation Area designations affecting the site.

COMMENT: No trees or other landscape features of merit will be affected by the proposal. The front garden requires tidying / re-organising to provide 25% soft landscape, in accordance with Hillingdon's design guidance. The rear garden should be designed and maintained to provide an attractive, accessible amenity space for use by the future residents.

RECOMMENDATION: No objection subject to the above comments and conditions RES9 (parts 1, 2, 4 and 5).

Access Officer: No Comments

7. MAIN PLANNING ISSUES

7.01 The principle of the development

The application site lies within an established residential area, as such, there would be no objection in principle to the intensification of the residential use of the site, providing that it accords with all relevant planning policies.

In particular, paragraph 7.15 of the Hillingdon Local Plan (November 2012) recognises that Policy H7 of the Hillingdon Local Plan (November 2012) serves to ensure that 'conversions achieve satisfactory environmental and amenity standards'

7.02 Density of the proposed development

Policy 3.4 of the London Plan (2016) seeks to ensure that new development 'takes into account local context and character, the design principles in Chapter 7 and that public transport capacity development should optimise housing output for different types of location within the relevant density range shown in Table 3.2. Development proposals that compromise this policy should be resisted'.

The density matrix, however, is only of limited value when looking at small scale development such as that proposed with this application. In such cases, it is often more appropriate to consider how the development harmonises with its surroundings, or not, and its impact on adjoining occupiers.

7.03 Impact on archaeology/CAs/LBs or Areas of Special Character

Not applicable to this application.

7.04 Airport safeguarding

Not applicable to this application.

7.05 Impact on the green belt

Not applicable to this application.

7.07 Impact on the character & appearance of the area

Policy BE1 of the Hillingdon Local Plan (November 2012) requires that all new development achieves a 'high quality of design in all new buildings, alterations and extensions'. In addition, Policy BE13 of the Hillingdon Local Plan (November 2012) acknowledges that

'development will not be permitted if the layout and appearance fail to harmonise with the existing street scene'. The emphasis placed on the impact of a development upon the character of the surrounding area is further emphasised under Policy BE19 of the Hillingdon Local Plan (November 2012), which recognises that 'The Local Planning Authority will seek to ensure that new development within residential areas complements or improves the amenity and character of the area'. Paragraph 4.14 of the Residential Layouts HDAS SPD specifies that developments should incorporate usable, attractively laid out and private garden space conveniently located in relation to the property or properties it serves. It should be of an appropriate size, having regard to the size of the dwelling and character of the area. Paragraph 4.27 of the HDAS SPD gives advice that building lines within a new development should relate to the street pattern of the surroundings whilst the height of the development is best determined by reference to the proportions, siting and lines of surrounding buildings.

The HDAS states that hip to gable end roof alterations would normally be refused. The gabled end would be at odds with the prevalent hipped roof form of dwellings within the vicinity and indeed the hipped roof end on the opposite end of this small terrace. Furthermore the HDAS guidance requires alterations to the roof to appear as subservient features and appear secondary in the roof plane in which they are set. Windows should match in design and size and the dormers should be set in by at least 0.5 m on each side and set down 0.3 m from the ridge. The proposed rear dormer dominates the rear roofslope and fails to respect the architectural integrity of the host building. The proposed extensions to the roof have a negative impact upon the visual amenity of the site and the surrounding area in conflict with Policy BE1 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part One - Strategic Policies (November 2012), policies BE13, BE15 and BE19 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part Two - Saved UDP Policies (November 2012) and the advice contained within HDAS Residential Extensions.

7.08 Impact on neighbours

Policies BE20, BE21 and BE22 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part Two - Saved UDP Policies (November 2012) give advice that buildings should be laid out so that adequate daylight and sunlight can penetrate into and between them, and the amenities of existing houses are safeguarded.

Policies BE23 and BE24 of the Hillingdon Local Plan (Part Two) stress the importance of new buildings and extensions providing adequate amount of external amenity space, that not only protects the amenity of the occupants of the proposed development, but also of those of the surrounding buildings, as well as protecting both parties privacy.

The proposed extensions do not result in an unacceptable loss of light, outlook or privacy to occupants of adjacent properties. Therefore, it is considered that the proposed development does not constitute an un-neighbourly form of development in compliance with Policies BE20 and BE21 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part Two -Saved UDP Policies (November 2012). No details have been provided to demonstrate that adequate sound insulation could be provided; however, this could be dealt with by way of condition in the event of an approvable scheme.

7.09 Living conditions for future occupiers

On 25 March 2015, the Government introduced new technical housing standards in England, which comprise of new additional 'optional' Building Regulations on water and access, and a nationally described space standard (referred to as "the new national technical standards"). These new standards came into effect on 1 October 2015. The Mayor of London has adopted the new national technical standards through a minor alteration to The London Plan.

The Housing Standards (Minor Alterations to the London Plan) March 2016 sets out the minimum internal floor spaces required for developments in order to ensure that there is an adequate level of amenity for existing and future occupants. A two bedroom (3 person) flat is required to provide an internal floor area of 61m2 and a one bedroom (2 person) dwelling is required to provide 50m2 of internal floor area. With floor areas of 62m2 and 74m2 respectively, the proposed flats meet the minimum internal floor area standards in accordance with the London Plan. Furthermore the habitable rooms would enjoy a satisfactory outlook in accordance with the requirements of Policy 3.5 of the London Plan (2016).

Section 4 of the Council's HDAS: Residential Layouts states that developments should incorporate usable, attractively laid out and conveniently located garden space in relation to the flats which they serve. It should be of an appropriate size, having regard to the size of the flats and the character of the area. The submitted plans indicate that the outbuilding would be removed and each flat would achieve a private area of external amenity space measuring over 40 square metres. The rear amenity space would require side gate access from the foot way which runs along the side of the garden. Had the proposal been acceptable in all other respects this could have been conditioned. The proposal is considered acceptable in accordance with Policy BE23 of the Local Plan.

7.10 Traffic impact, Car/cycle parking, pedestrian safety

Policy AM7 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part 2 - Saved UDP Policies (November 2012) considers whether the traffic generated by proposed developments is acceptable in terms of the local highway and junction capacity, traffic flows and conditions of general highway or pedestrian safety. Policy AM14 of the Hillingdon Local Plan: Part 2 - Saved UDP Policies (November 2012) seeks to ensure that all development is in accordance with the Council's adopted Car Parking Standards.

Upon reviewing the PTAL rating for the proposed development using the Transport for London WebCAT service, it is indicated that the site has 'moderate' access to public transport with a PTAL rating of 3. It is therefore likely that some dependency will be had on the private car. The submitted plans indicate the provision of a single parking space serving each flat on the frontage and the provision of secure cycle storage to the rear. The proposed parking and cycle storage layout is considered acceptable in accordance with Policies AM7 and AM14 of the Local Plan.

7.11 Urban design, access and security

The Urban design issues are addressed in the sections above.

7.12 Disabled access

No accessibility issues are raised.

7.13 Provision of affordable & special needs housing

Not applicable to this application.

7.14 Trees, landscaping and Ecology

Saved policy BE38 seeks the retention and utilisation of topographical and landscape features of merit and the provision of new planting and landscaping wherever it is appropriate. The Council's Landscape Officer has confirmed no objection is raised to the proposal subject to the imposition of landscaping conditions to secure acceptable landscaping, refuse storage and car parking layout within the frontage. The proposal is therefore considered acceptable in accordance with Policy BE38 of the Hillingdon Local Plan - Saved UDP Policies (November 2012).

7.15 Sustainable waste management

The submitted plans indicate that refuse storage will be provided for each flat within the

frontage and can be secured by way of condition.

7.16 Renewable energy / Sustainability

Not applicable to this application.

7.17 Flooding or Drainage Issues

Not applicable to this application.

7.18 Noise or Air Quality Issues

Noise issues are addressed in the section above.

7.19 Comments on Public Consultations

The comments raised by consultees are addressed in the report above.

7.20 Planning obligations

The Council adopted its own Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) on August 1st 2014 and the Hillingdon CIL charge for residential developments is £95 per square metre of additional floorspace. This is in addition to the Mayoral CIL charge of £60 per sq metre.

There is no CIL liability for this proposal.

7.21 Expediency of enforcement action

Since the end of August 2015 applications which are for development which was not authorised need to be assessed as to whether the unauthorised development was intentional. If so, then this is a material planning consideration. In this case officers have no indication that this was an intentional breach of planning control.

There had been use of the outbuilding, historically, as a 'bed in shed'. That use has ceased at present. As part of the enforcement action in 2018, the kitchen was removed from the outbuilding. The current proposal includes the complete removal of the outbuilding.

7.22 Other Issues

No other issues raised.

8. Observations of the Borough Solicitor

General

Members must determine planning applications having due regard to the provisions of the development plan so far as material to the application, any local finance considerations so far as material to the application, and to any other material considerations (including regional and national policy and guidance). Members must also determine applications in accordance with all relevant primary and secondary legislation.

Material considerations are those which are relevant to regulating the development and use of land in the public interest. The considerations must fairly and reasonably relate to the application concerned.

Members should also ensure that their involvement in the determination of planning applications adheres to the Members Code of Conduct as adopted by Full Council and also the guidance contained in Probity in Planning, 2009.

Planning Conditions

Members may decide to grant planning consent subject to conditions. Planning consent should not be refused where planning conditions can overcome a reason for refusal. Planning conditions should only be imposed where Members are satisfied that imposing the conditions are necessary, relevant to planning, relevant to the development to be permitted, enforceable, precise and reasonable in all other respects. Where conditions are

imposed, the Council is required to provide full reasons for imposing those conditions.

Planning Obligations

Members must be satisfied that any planning obligations to be secured by way of an agreement or undertaking pursuant to Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 are necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms. The obligations must be directly related to the development and fairly and reasonably related to the scale and kind to the development (Regulation 122 of Community Infrastructure Levy 2010).

Equalities and Human Rights

Section 149 of the Equalities Act 2010, requires the Council, in considering planning applications to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunities and foster good relations between people who have different protected characteristics. The protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

The requirement to have due regard to the above goals means that members should consider whether persons with particular protected characteristics would be affected by a proposal when compared to persons who do not share that protected characteristic. Where equalities issues arise, members should weigh up the equalities impact of the proposals against the other material considerations relating to the planning application. Equalities impacts are not necessarily decisive, but the objective of advancing equalities must be taken into account in weighing up the merits of an application. The weight to be given to any equalities issues is a matter for the decision maker to determine in all of the circumstances.

Members should also consider whether a planning decision would affect human rights, in particular the right to a fair hearing, the right to respect for private and family life, the protection of property and the prohibition of discrimination. Any decision must be proportionate and achieve a fair balance between private interests and the public interest.

9. Observations of the Director of Finance

Not applicable to this application.

10. CONCLUSION

The application seeks part-retrospective planning permission for the erection of a single storey rear extension and conversion of roofspace to habitable use to include a rear dormer, 3 front rooflights and conversion of roof from hip to gable end to allow for conversion of existing dwelling into 1 x 1-bed and 1 x 2-bed self-contained flats with associated parking and amenity space. The scheme relies on the habitable accommodation contained within the converted loft space which has been carried out without the grant of planning permission. It is noted that the applicant considers that the work was permitted development. However the Council has confirmed through the issue of two separate certificates of lawful development, that the proposed development does not constitute permitted development by virtue of the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class B and Class C of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 as the property does not benefit from permitted development rights in view of there being an enforcement notice served on the property. The proposed extensions to the roof have a negative impact upon the visual amenity of the site and the surrounding area and accordingly the application is recommended for refusal.

11. Reference Documents

Hillingdon Local Plan: Part One - Strategic Policies (November 2012)

Hillingdon Local Plan: Part Two London Borough Of Hillingdon Local Plan Part 2

Development Management Policies with Modifications (March 2019)

The London Plan (2016)

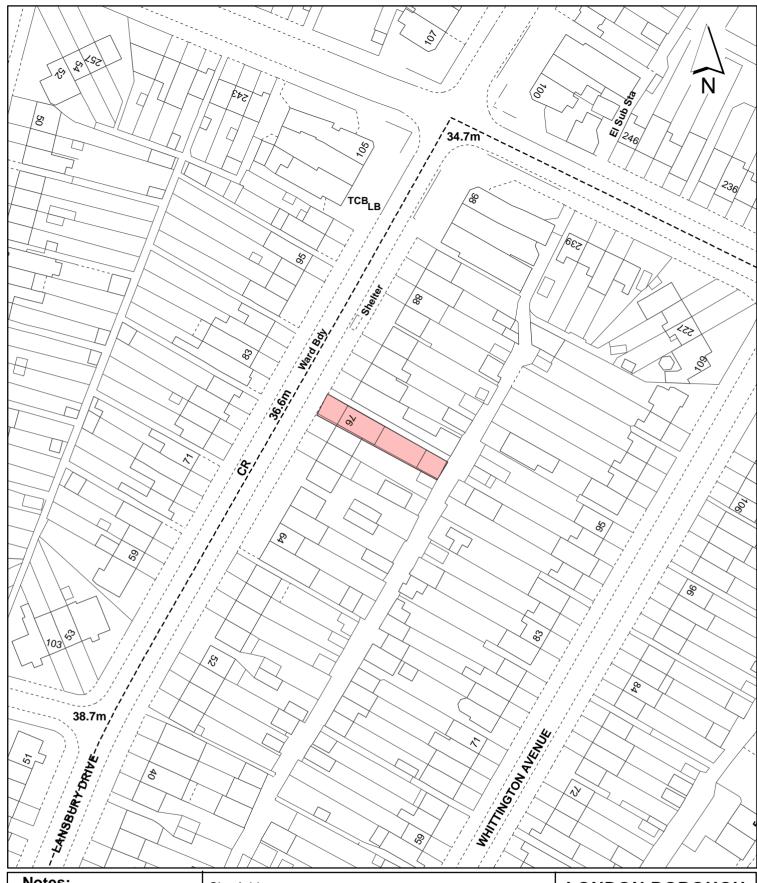
The Housing Standards Minor Alterations to The London Plan (March 2016)

Mayor of London's adopted Supplementary Planning Guidance - Housing (March 2016)

Hillingdon Design and Accessibility Statement: Residential Layouts Hillingdon Design and Accessibility Statement: Residential Extensions Hillingdon Design and Accessibility Statement: Accessible Hillingdon

National Planning Policy Framework

Contact Officer: Nicola Taplin Telephone No: 01895 250230







Site boundary

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Site Address:

76 Lansbury Drive

28415/APP/2019/715

Scale:

1:1,000

Planning Committee:

Planning Application Ref:

Central & South

Date:

July 2019

LONDON BOROUGH OF HILLINGDON **Residents Services**

Planning Section Civic Centre, Uxbridge, Middx. UB8 1UW Telephone No.: Uxbridge 250111

